

VINYL Dry Back Installation & Maintenance for:-

- **Urban 40 Luxury Vinyl Tile**
- **Elegance Royale Herringbone and LVT Planks**

Installation Instructions

1. Remove thresholds and baseboards before you measure the room to see how much flooring to purchase. Your square footage will be the length times the width of the room plus the area of any nooks and closets. Total the number of square feet and add 10 percent to allow for trimming.
2. Strip the existing flooring if necessary. You may skip this step if your existing floor surface is solid and fairly smooth. If you remove carpet or old vinyl, make sure any deposits of flooring adhesive are removed as well. You may need a power scraper and citrus-based solvent to remove vinyl floor adhesive. Go over the corners and crevices with a sander to remove any remaining adhesive.
3. Use a patching compound to fill in any cracks and holes in your subfloor. Work the compound into the hole with a putty knife and level it off. Once you have a smooth, even surface, sweep and mop it thoroughly. The smoother the subfloor, the better bonding of vinyl planks to subfloor. Finally, lay down a coat of primer to seal the subfloor against moisture.
4. Lay out the room. Choose the wall that is the main line of sight in the room (usually, this is the wall opposite the room's main entrance). Lay out a line of planks along this wall and use a T-square to make sure the planks are parallel to it. Mark a line on the floor using a chalk line or felt-tip marker (it will be covered up, so a permanent marker is okay). The idea is to "square off" the room so your new flooring is as attractive as possible.
5. Starting in one corner, Carefully line up the first plank exactly with your line guide since all the remaining planks will key off the first. Press down firmly to make the adhesive bond to the subfloor. Lay a line of complete planks end to end, the room's length. Use a small notch trowel to spread a layer of adhesive for regular vinyl plank flooring. Vinyl flooring adhesives are product-specific, so use only the recommended adhesive and follow their instructions. A generic adhesive may not bond the vinyl planks to the floor properly. Please use a water-based glue for temperature-controlled rooms with low humidity; for high moisture areas such as basements, bathrooms and not well temperature-controlled rooms, please use polyurethane-based glue. Please use a respiratory mask certified for polyurethane-based glues during installation.
6. Cut a vinyl plank in half to begin your second line of planks. Use a vinyl tile cutter (recommended) or a utility knife and T-square to cut the plank at a 90-degree to its length. Use this half plank to start the next line. Staggering the vinyl planks creates a more authentic wood appearance. Alternate each line with a full-length and a half-length plank. At the opposite end of the room you will need to install partial planks to finish off each plank line. Measure each space carefully and cut the pieces the same way.

7. Locate any gaps between planks. Don't worry about finding gaps because the floor always has small, uneven spots. Use a putty knife to fill gaps with wood putty and wipe away any excess.
8. Use a floor roller to firmly bond all the planks to the floor. Replace thresholds and baseboards or moulding to finish installing your vinyl plank flooring.

After the Install

- Please do not walk on the seamed areas for at least 24 hours after your new vinyl floor is installed.
- Keep the room at 68° F or greater for at least two days to allow the adhesives to be set up properly.
- Ventilate the area well for 48 to 72 hours.

Final Tips

- Don't rely on furniture or appliance wheels; don't drag your appliances back in place over your new floor! Lay down a piece of thin plywood and move the appliance over the floor on the wood, or use furniture sliders made specifically for this purpose.
- Don't mop your floor for five days. The adhesives need curing time.
- Check the condition of all the casters or rollers on your furniture before setting them on your floor. Replace any worn ones.
- Protect your vinyl floor by covering the legs of furniture with felt protectors.